50 APR 1984

Primipal Investigator TILEMENS 84-019(P) Saterney Killed K12 Elite Steam from a Placeto for orate autra vicine Trial Circle the appropriate answer to each of the following (If Not Applicable write NA). No Yes · Non-ill subjects (Yes Minors or persons under guardianship Yes Does the study involve: Physical risks to the Yes Yes Psychological risks Yes Discomfort to subjects Yes (No. Invasion of privacy Yes Disclosure of information damaging to sub-

(No.

No

No

Dres the study involve: Use of records, (hosp-(≇) ital, medical, death, birth or other) Yes Use of fetal tissue or (b) abortus Yes Use of organs or body ي(c) ≈ fluids Yes Are subjects clearly informed about: Nature and purposes of (a) study Procedures to be

Application No.

Titlæ of Study

(a)

(b)

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Ill subjects

subjects

Social Risks

to subjects

ject or others

followed including

Sensitive questions

Right to refuse to

Benefits to be derived

participate or to with-

alternatives used

Physical risks

draw from study

Principal Investigator

of data

Confidential handling Yeş No Compensation 4/or treat ment where there are risks or privacy is involved in any particular procedure

covered in the questionnaire or interview which could be considered either sensitive or which would constitute an invasion of privacy. Examples of the type of specific questions to be asked in the sensiti

Yes)

agree to obtain approval of the Ethical Review Committee for any changes olving the rights and welfare of subjects before making such change.

REF WC 262, JB2 C-6255

SECTION I - RESEARCH PROTOCOL (PILOT)

1. Title:

Safety of killed Kl2 E. coli strains as placebo for oral Cholera Vaccine Trial.

2. Principal Investigator:

Dr. John D. Clemens

Co-Investigator:

Mr. M.R. Khan

Starting Date:

May 15 1984

4. Completion Date:

July, 15 1984

5. Total Direct Cost:

us\$2907.98

6. This protocol has been approved by the Disease Transmission Working Group (DTWG)

Working Group

Signature of the Scientific Program Head: _ K.W.S

K. M.S. Azez

Date:-____

7. Abstract Summary:

In order to conduct the proposed Field Trial of Oral B-subunit/whole-cell (BS/WC) and Whole-cell (WC) vaccines in a double-blinded fashion it will be necessary to develop an adequate placebo which closely resembles. the two vaccines in taste appearance, and smell. It has been determined by the developers of the vaccines that only a killed bacterial preparation can fulfill these characteristics. An ideal candidate bacterium is the RI2 strain E. coli, which is known to be non-pathogenic and is well-characterized A K12 strain which is devoid of pathogenic factors (ST, LT production and plasmids) and which does not evoke antibodies which cross-react with V. cholerae will after safety-testing in Swedish volunteers.

be safety-tested in Bangladeshi volunteers 150 children (aged 2 14 years and female adults over 14 years) will be randomly allocated to receive either the placebo or distilled water, mixed with a bicarbonate citric acid solution to be used in the trial. Each volunteeer will be

follo	owed an	3	successive	days	after	recei	pt	of th	ie aç	ents	for	the	
occui	rrence c	£	side-effects.	Fol	low-up	will	be bl	inded	to	the i	identi	ty of	
the i	received	l a	gent.							•		.,	
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Revie	ewers:												
(a)	Researc	ch	Involving Hun	nan S	ubject	s:	<u> </u>						_
(b)	Researc	h	Review Commit	:te⊖:	·					. <u> </u>			_
(c)	Directo	r:		·,									
					•			,					

(d) Controller/Administrator;

SECTION II - RESEARCH PLAN

INTRODUCTION

At a recent meeting of ICDDR,B, WHO: Institute Merienx, The Swedish Bacteriology Laboratory, and Drs. David A. Sack and Jan Holmgren, held in Lyon France, March 19-20, it was unanimously agreed that a killed bacterial placebo would be necessary for the forthcoming field trial of Oral B-subunit/whole-cell (BS/WC) and whole cell (WC) vaccines.

The placebo planned is a heat killed <u>E. coli</u> strain Kl2. This strain was chosen because it is a strain well characterized in the laboratory. It is used extensively to receive virulence factors located on plasmids because it has none of its own. For example, it has been used to receive a heat-labile toxin plasmid, heat-stable toxin plasmid, or receive a plasmid responsible for antibiotic resistance(1). Before receiving the respective plasmids, it had neither LT, CFA nor antibiotic resistance R factor. We propose to use the parent Kl2 strain e.g. the strain without any virulence factors.

Furthermore, we will heat-killed the bacteria before using it as a placebo so that the participants will receive only a sterile preparation. Sterility will be documented at Institute Merieux and at the Swedish Bacteriology Laboratory.

Killing the bacteria by heating will, of course, insure sterility. Also it will destroy or alter the bacterial portions to minimize the already negligible chance of any cross-reacting proteins between the \underline{E} , \underline{coli}

placebo and the cholera vaccine. To document the absence of any such virulence factors, the placebo will be tested in the following ways at the Institute Merieux and at SBL. It should produce no fluid accumulation in the rabbit loop model, the infant mouse model, nor should it stimulate Y1 adrenal cells. No ST toxin should be detectable with gene probe assay, and no plasmid should be demonstrable with plasmid electrophoresis. When used to immunize rabbits, it will be shown to stimulate no anti-cholera antibodies.

In addition, the K12 placebo will be tested in Swedish volunteers using the same doses as anticipated in the field trial before being used in Bangladesh. In this study it will be tested for safety in a group of Bangladeshi volunteers prior to its use in the pre-trial.

We anticipate that the Kl2 placebo will have no toxicity for several reasons. First, being sterile, the bacteria cannot multiply nor colonize the human intestine. Secondly, killed <u>E</u>. <u>coli</u> are frequently consumed by humans without ill-effect. One of the reasons for cooking food or boiling water is to kill the coliform bacteria before consuming it and thereby celiminate the possibility of symptoms due to bacterial infection. Thirdly, Kl2 lacks all of the known virulence factors needed to cause enteric illness. Fourthly, live <u>E</u>. <u>coli</u> which lack these virulence factors (including both the Kl2 and the H.S. strains) have been given to volunteers without any side effects in doses up to 10^{10} live bacteria (2,3,4).

SPECIFIC AIMS

The specific aim of this study is to confirm the safety of a Kl2 \underline{E} . $\underline{\text{coli}}$ solution for use in the pre-test for the field trial of BS/WC and WC oral Cholera Vaccines.

METHODS

1. Antigen:

A K12 E. coli solution with identical turbidity (approximately 10¹¹ cells/total volume) to the BS/WC and WC liquid vaccines (which themselves are identical in appearance) will be stored in the 8 ml doses anticipated for the field trial. Before use in Bangladesh, the strain will be ascertained to be free of LT toxin. ST toxin and plasmids, using the following standard assays (Dr. Jan Holmgren's laboratory): the rabbit loop model, the infant mouse model, the Y1 adrenal cell assay, plasmid electrophoresis and a gene probe assay (for ST). This laboratory will also ascertain that the K12 strain does not raise antibodies in rabbits which cross react with V. cholerae. Identical doses of placebo will also be fed to Swedish volunteers to ensure freedom from side-effects before use in this study. Sterility will be ensured by culturing the K12 E. coli after it has been heat-killed.

2. Patients:

Eligibility for the trial will include: (a) age 2-14 years, or

>14 years and female (same age-gender eligibility as that for the trial),

(b) absence of the following symptoms on the day of administration:

diarrhoea, fever, vomiting, abdominal pain exanthanatous skin rash;

(c) absence of pregnancy and (d) willingness to cooperate.

(informed Consent Form is in Appendix I). Subjects will be recruited from villages V3 and V4 in Matlab.

Maneuvers:

On a random basis, subjects will receive either 8 cc of distilled water or 8 cc of the Kl2 placebo, mixed with bicarbonate citric acid in the following dose: (a) for children 2-l0 years, 1.9 grams sodium bicarbonate and 7 grams citric acid in 75 ml water; (b) for persons > 10 years, 3.8 grams sodium bicarbonate and 1.4 grams citric acid in 150 ml water. Subjects will not be told which agent they are receiving their doses of acid-butter have been well tolerated in a past study of oral BS/WC vaccine by the Frincipal Investigator.

Sample size.

75 persons will be assigned to each of the two groups. This size will ensure detection of moderately frequent ($\frac{1}{2}$ 5% occurrence) side-effects, with adequate ($\frac{1}{2}$ 8) statistical power.

Follow-up:

During the 3 days following receipt of the agents, each subject will be queried about the following symptoms (according to a standard form used in past studies of oral cholera vaccines at ICDDR,B): abdomina pain, fever, vomiting, diarrhoea (>3 loose motions/24 hours), skin rash and syncope. Subjects will also be asled to report additional symptoms not specifically noted on the form. Follow-up will be performed by teams experienced in field studies of oral vaccines, and the members of this team will be unaware of the assigned agent. A physician will be available to treat any severe side-effects, which, of course, are not anticipated.

6. Statistical analysis:

The comparative occurrence of side-effects in the two groups will be assessed by chi square and Fisher's exact tests . where appropriate.

SIGNIFICANCE

An adequate placebo which is safe for consumption is essential to the conduct of the planned oral cholera vaccine field trial. This study will provide evidence of the placebo's safety before use in the pre-test for the field trial.

Subjects aged 2-14 years and females aged over 14 years will be included, since these are the subjects to be included in the planned field trial of oral cholera vaccine.

Risk of side-effects from taking the killed Kl2 <u>E</u>. <u>coli</u> should be negligible, since the organisms will have been proved non-pathogenic by exhaustive testing and will have been shown to have no side-effects in Swedish volunteers.

- Risks (side-effects) of the proposed <u>E. coli</u> placebo will be assessed on a daily basis, and all serious side-effects will be treated by a physician.
- All data will be kept confidential by (a) identifying subjects in the analysis by number, not by name and (b) keeping all data locked in a filing cabinet in the principal investigator's office.
- Signed informed consent will be obtained from all subjects (or parents of minors), prior to participating in this study. Treatment will be available for significant side-effects.
- No interview will be required.
- An excellent placebo is required for the cholera vaccine trial. This study will confirm the safety of the proposed placebo. The benefit of an well-executed vaccine trial is the valid evaluation of a vaccine which may be very beneficial in Bangladesh; the risks in this study are negligible.
- No records, organs, tissues, body fluids, feti, or aborti will be used.

References

- 1. Echeverria P, Murphy JR. Enterotoxigenic Escherichia coli carrying plasmids coding for antibiotic resistance and enterotoxin production. J. Infect. Dis. 142:273-278, 1980.
- DuPont HL; Formal SB, Hernich RB, Snyder MJ, Libonati JP,
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 coli diarrhoea. New Eng J Med 285:1-9, 1971.
- 3. Levine MM, Berquist EJ, Nalin DR, Waterman DH, Hornich RB, Young CR, Sotman S. Escherichia coli strains that cause diarrhoea but do not produce heat labile or heat stable enterotoxins and are non-invasive. Lancet 1:1119-1122, 1978.
- 4. Levine MM, Kaper JB, Lockman H, Black RE, Clements ML, Falkow S. Recombinant DNA risk assessment studies in humans: efficacy of poorly mobilizable plasmids in biologic containment. J Infect Dis 1983 Oct; 148(4): 699-709.

SECTION III - BUDGET

A. DETAILED BUDGET

PERSONNEL SERVICES	5	-	•				
Name	Position	% of Annual effort Salary	Project Req	uirements Dollar			
Dr. John-Clemens	P. Investigator			<u> </u>			
Mr. M.R. Khan	Co-Investigator	-	-	-			
To be named To be named	H. Assistant (5) C.H.W. (3)	373% \$ 2,951 20% \$ 658	<u> </u>	973.83 131.60			
To be named	Forter (2)	15% \$ 658		98.70			
		, , ,					
		Sub-total:	-	1204.13			
SUPPLIES AND MATER	TALS						
Miscellaneous (asp	pirin, candy cups, sc	abies medicine etc.	,) -	250,00			
-		Sub-total:	-	250,00			
	•	•					
EQUIPMENT -	None						
PATIENT HOSPITALIZATION - None							
OUTPATIENT CARE - None							
ICDDR,B TRANSPORT	_						
Speedboat (60 hour	rs x 350 Tk,/hr.)		21,000.00	_			
	1 (6 trips @ Tk, 1,250)	/trip)	7,500.00	-			
		•	·				
		Sub-total:	28,500.00				
TRAVEL OF PERSONS	- None			•			
TRAVER OF FERSONS							
	·						
TRANSPORTATION OF	THINGS - None						
RENT - None							

PRINTING AND STATIONARY:

Forms, Stencils, Xerox		-	150.00
OTHER CONTRACTUAL SERVICES	- Data Analysis	-	150,00

CONSTRUCTION AND RENOVATION - None

B. BUDGET SUMMARY

	··	-	·	
			TAKA	DOLLAR
1.	Personnel Services	-	- ·	1,204.13
2.	Supplies and Materials	-		250.00
з.	Equipment	· -	-	-
4.	Patient Hospitalization	<u></u>	-	-
5.	Outpatient Care	-	-	-
6.	ICDDR,B Transport	_	28,500.00	-
7.	Travel of Persons	-		
8.	Transporation of Things	_	-	
9.	Rent		-	-
10.	Printing and Stationary	-	-	150.00
11.	Other Contractual Services	-		150.00
12.	Construction & Renovation	-	<u>-</u> ·	<u>.</u>
	-	Total:	28,500.00	1,754.13

Grand Total: US\$ 2907.98

Conversion Rate US\$ 1.00 = Tk. 24.07

Consent Form

The International Centre for Diarrhoeal Disease Research, Bangladesh,
plans to test a new oral vaccine against cholera next January. In order
to test the vaccine, we need to give another substance which is harmless,
but which is not itself a vaccine.

In this study, you/your child will drink either this non-vaccine substance (which consists of killed bacteria) or another harmless substance. We will ask you about any side-effects that yournight have for 3 days after receiving either substance. No blood will be taken.

You/your child do not have to participate in the study. If you decide not to join, your care at ICDDR,B will not be affected. You may also withdraw from the study at any time.

Any side-effect developing during the 3 days after drinking one of the substances will be treated by ICDDR.B.

I agree to cooperate with the study on my join/my child's behalf.

	Signature	:	
Signature of the staff	LTI	: _	
	Date	: _	

Reaction Form

Name of subject:		<u>.</u>	· 	DS	S Numbe	ŗ;_				<u>_·</u>	<u> · </u>
DOB: G	ender:					-			•		
Date of Vaccination:	·		- · · · · -	_Subj	ect Inte	e rvi	iewed;	Day	1	Ÿ	N
•								Day	2	Y	N
Interviewer:			_					Day	3	Ý	N
Symptoms (y N)	l _	_									severity
•	Day	1	Day	2_	Day	_3	and	thera	ır.y_		-
Abdominal Pain:											
Fever:						i					
Vomiting:											
Diarrhoea:		ļ	i								
Watery		l				ļ	•				
Non-watery: No blood						-					
Non-watery; Blood											
Rash:						Contract Section					
Syncope:		 									
Others (Name):	-	!				4					
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मन्। ठि पद्य

আনুর্জাতিক উদরাময় ব্যাধি গবেষণা কেন্দ্র, বাংলাদেশ, আগামী জানুয়ারী মাজে: কলেরা— নিরোধী একটি নতুন খাওয়ার ত্যাকিনে মূল্যায়নের পরিকল্পনা করছে । তেকিনের পরীফার জন্যে আমাদেরকে তেকিন—নয় এমন আর একটি দ্রব্য দিতে হচ্ছে, যা কতিকারকও নয় ।

এই নির্দ্ধায় আপনি/আপনার শিশু তেকিন-নয় এমন একটি দ্রব্য যোতে রয়েছে মৃত দ্বীবাণু স্বধবা অপর একটি নির্দোষ দ্রব্য পান করবেন। এর যে কোনো একটি নেবার পর তিন দিন পর্যনু কোনো পার্পুতি ত্রিন্যা; দেখা দেয় কি না সে বিষয়ে আমরা আপনাকে প্রশ্ন করবো। কোনো রন্ত নেয়া হবে না।

আপনাকে/আপনার শিশুকে এই নিরীক্ষায় অংশ নিতেই হবে এমন কোনো কথা নেই । আপনি অংশগ্রহণ না করলেও আই সি ডি ডি আর বি–তে আপনার স্থাতাবিক চিকিৎশার কোনো ত্রনটি হবে না । নিরীক্ষায় অংশ নিয়েও যে কোনো সময় আপনি সিদ্ধানু প্রত্যাহার করে নিতে পারেন ।

দু'টি দ্রব্যের যে কোনো একটি পান করার পর তিন দিনের মধ্যে যে কোনো পার্পু প্রতিক্রিয়া দেখা দিলে আই সি ডি ডি আর বি তার চিকিংসা করবে ।

धामि निष्धं/यामात मनुष्तित पद्धं वरे निर्देक्षाय महत्यां मिन् कत्र मनुष् ।

	वृह्य द्वारा विकास व
ৰ্ঘচারীর স্থাফর	
	তারিখ